Resilient Yantic

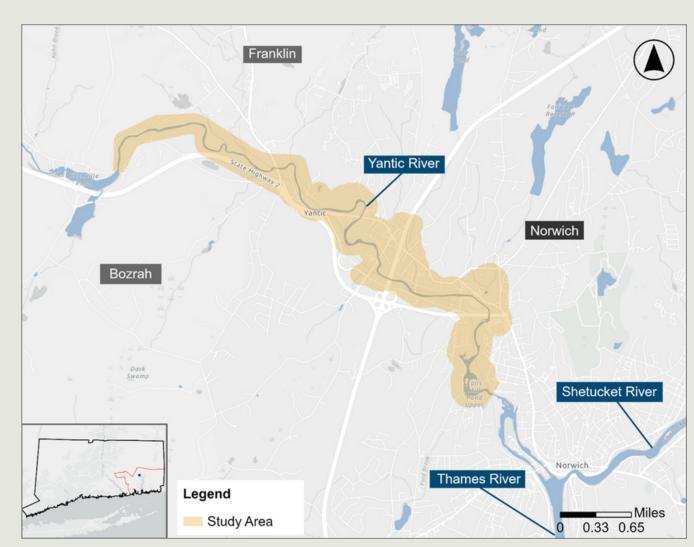
SECOG & GZA & Stantec



Bozrah & Franklin & Norwich

Project Site Overview

The study area consisted of the Yantic River Corridor in Southeast Connecticut from downstream of the Fitchville Dam in Bozrah to Uncas Leap in Norwich, spanning three towns: Bozrah, Norwich, and Franklin. This urban river corridor is crossed by CT Route 2 and



Yantic River Study Area

Interstate 395. The study area is approximately 4 miles long and includes a variety of land uses along the river with business and commercial towards the west of Interstate 395 and pockets of residential to the east of the interstate. Situated primarily in Norwich, the study area is considered an environmental justice community with high social vulnerability. The study area recently experienced a large flood in January 2024, which underscored this project's necessity. Riverine flooding is typically caused by heavy rain but can also be worsened by dam failures or misoperation, ice jams, snowmelt, runoff on top of frozen ground, or significant increases in impervious surface cover.

Project Objective

The objective of this project was to provide forward-looking adaptation strategies, with implementable recommendations and actions for governmental leaders, to mitigate the long-term impacts of climate-exacerbated flooding on residents and business owners along the Yantic River Corridor.

Technical Analysis

The Team conducted a preliminary hydrologic and hydraulic analysis to fill gaps in existing flood data for the Yantic River. With FEMA and USGS updates still pending in 2025, the team built targeted models to support scenario testing and mitigation planning. The hydrologic analysis used FEMA peak flow data and January 2024 stream gage observations, with the 500-year flow applied as a proxy for future 100-year events. A 2D HEC-RAS model covering 3.75 miles of river, calibrated with FEMA data and the 2024 flood, provided more realistic simulations than FEMA's 1D models, especially in urban terrain. Outputs included flood depths and velocities used to evaluate mitigation strategies.

Recommendations

Based on the alternatives analysis, the top three options for the study area are channel widening, dam removal, and managed retreat.

CHANNEL WIDENING: Proposed Strategy

Channel Widening: Widening the Yantic River near Norwichtown Commons (about 50 feet on the right bank) would increase hydraulic capacity, lowering flood depths along Town Street. The design must account for the Stop & Shop, maintain emergency access, and would remove ~19% of parking, but could provide community waterfront space. Modeling shows significant reductions during the 1% (100-year) flood, though some flooding would remain, and less benefit in the 0.2% (500-year) flood.

Cost Estimate: \$1.8M; BCA (7%): 1.16.

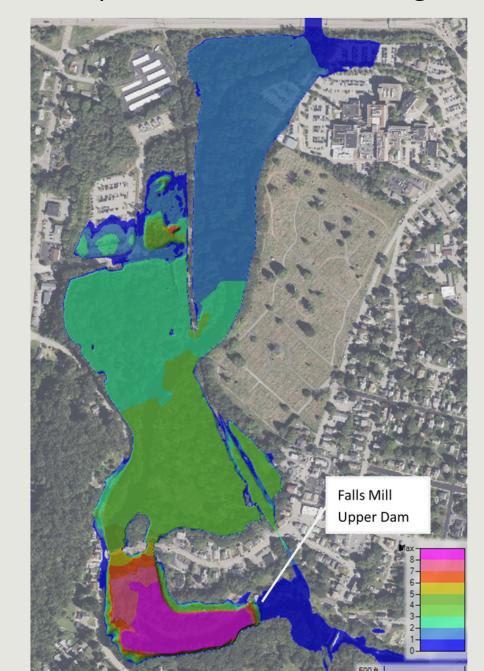
Falls Mill Upper Dam Removal: Removing the deteriorating 75-foot masonry dam, built in 1910, would eliminate safety risks, avoid costly reconstruction, and restore free-flowing river conditions. Modeling shows up to a one-foot reduction in 1% flood levels upstream to CT-2 and Backus Hospital, eliminating flooding at Asylum Street. Ecological benefits include habitat reconnection and biodiversity gains, plus community enhancements like trails and a river overlook.

Cost Estimate: \$810K; BCA (7%): 1.66.

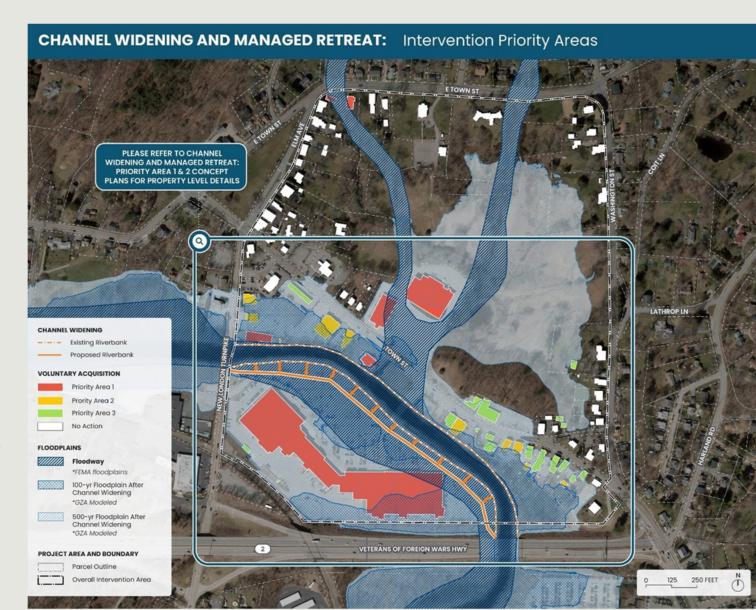
Managed Retreat: A phased retreat program along with channel widening would gradually reduce long-term flood risks while restoring riverfront space for public use. Phase one could begin with a voluntary pilot at Norwichtown Commons, offering relocation to low-risk areas and reducing emergency burdens. Later phases could expand to additional high-risk parcels, supporting the City's broader vision for resilient downtown development and allowing residents to relocate without leaving Norwich. Cost Estimate: \$48.3M total (floodway \$44M, 100-year \$3.6M, 500-year \$5M). With a BCA (7%) of 0.15, the project is not cost-effective, though life-safety and resilience benefits are not captured in the ratio.



Proposed Channel Widening



Falls Mill Upper Dam Removal Water Level Reduction 1% annual chance (100-year)



Proposed Managed Retreat
Pilot Approach

UCONN













Concept Designs

The following concepts were analyzed by GZA, CIRCA, SECOG, and the CTAC before the 3 recommended alternatives were chosen.

| Flood Risk Reduction | Anticipated Cost | Solution Duration | Maintenance | Environmental Stewardship | Funding Sources |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Low to Medium | Medium | Long | Low | High | State, Federal |
| Medium | High | Medium | Low to Medium | Low | State, Federal |
| Very High | Medium to High | Long | Low | High | State, Federal |
| High | High | Long | Medium to High | Low | City, State, Federal |
| Medium | Very High | Medium | Medium | Low | State, Federal |
| Low to None | Medium to High | Short to None | High | Very Low | City |
| Low to None | Medium to High | Long | Low | High | City & Town |
| | Low to Medium Medium Very High High Medium Low to None | ReductionCostLow to MediumMediumMediumHighVery HighMedium to HighHighHighMediumVery HighLow to NoneMedium to High | ReductionCostDurationLow to MediumMediumLongMediumHighMediumVery HighMedium to HighLongHighHighLongMediumVery HighMediumLow to NoneMedium to HighShort to None | ReductionCostDurationMaintenanceLow to MediumMediumLongLowMediumHighMediumLow to MediumVery HighMedium to HighLongLowHighHighLongMedium to HighMediumVery HighMediumMediumLow to NoneMedium to HighShort to NoneHigh | Reduction Cost Duration Maintenance Stewardship Low to Medium Medium Long Low High Medium High Medium Low to Medium Low Very High Medium to High Long Low High High High Long Medium to High Low Medium Very High Medium Medium Low Low to None Medium to High Short to None High Very Low |

Stakeholder Engagement



- Two public meetings.
- Two focus groups meetings: one with municipal leadership and one with the business community.
- Four Technical Advisory Committee meetings.
- Individual outreach to business owners.
- Monthly project group meetings.

Towards Implementation

Channel Widening: Advance with a detailed hydraulic assessment of the widened Yantic River reach. The study should evaluate impacts on adjacent and downstream properties, compliance with FEMA no-rise criteria, and alternatives for widening, including dimensions and bank stabilization.

Falls Mill Upper Dam Removal: Advance with a feasibility study to assess upstream sediment volume and quality, preliminary engineering, and design of the breached section, river restoration, and sediment stabilization. Permitting (local, state, federal) and additional community outreach, especially with dam abutters, are also required.

Managed Retreat: Advance with a pilot program focused on leadership alignment, community vision, funding strategies, buyout terms, and project administration. This voluntary option will allow residents and businesses to relocate safely while remaining part of the Yantic community.